

Fusion Classes of non-abelian metabelian groups of order upto 24

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ABSTRACT

In this paper, G be the non-abelian metabelian group and $\overline{cl(a)}$ denotes the fusion class of element a in G . Fusion class is an equivalence relation. A group is metabelian group if its commutator group is abelian or if it has an abelian normal subgroup in which the factor group is also abelian. There are 35 non-Abelian metabelian groups of order less than or equal to 24. In this paper, we investigate the fusion classes of all non-abelian metabelian groups of order less than or equal to 24 and the verification has been made through GAP (Groups Algorithm Programming) software.

Keywords: Metabelian Groups, Automorphism, Fusion Classes.

INTRODUCTION

Let G be a finite metabelian group, Z_n denotes the cyclic group of order n , S_n denotes the permutation group of degree n , D_n denotes the dihedral group of order $2n$, Q_n denotes quaternion group. A group G is said to be metabelian if G' , the derived subgroup of G is abelian. Much has been investigated about the properties of metabelian groups in the literature. In paper [3], structure of metabelian groups of order upto 24 has been described. In paper [4], the authors studied about the conjugacy classes of metabelian groups of order less than 24. In paper [1], [2], automorphisms of some non-abelian groups of order p^4 are computed. In the present paper, we shall find the fusion classes of metabelian non-abelian groups of order less than or equal to 24.

In [3], Rehman Abdul described the metabelian groups of order less than or equal to 24.

- (1) $D_3 \cong S_3 \cong \langle a, b; a^3 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (2) $D_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (3) $Q_3 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = 1, b^2 = a^2, a b a = b \rangle$.
- (4) $D_5 \cong \langle a, b; a^5 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (5) $Z_3 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^3 = b^4 = 1, b^{-1} a b = a^2 \rangle$.
- (6) $A_4 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^2 = b^2 = c^3 = 1, b a = a b, c a = a b c, c b = a c \rangle$.
- (7) $D_6 \cong \langle a, b; a^6 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (8) $D_7 \cong \langle a, b; a^7 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (9) $D_8 \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (10) $G \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^3 \rangle$.
- (11) $Q_{16} \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = 1, a^4 = b^2, a b a = b \rangle$.
- (12) $D_4 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^4 = b^2 = c^2 = 1, a c = c a, b c = c b, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (13) $Q_3 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^4 = b^4 = c^2 = 1, b^2 = a^2, b a = a^3 b, a c = c a, b c = c b \rangle$.
- (14) Modular - 16 = $G \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = b^2 = 1, a b = b a^5 \rangle$.
- (15) $B \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^4 = 1, a b = b a^3 \rangle$.
- (16) $K \cong \langle a, b, c; a^4 = b^2 = c^2 = 1, a b = b a, a c = c a, c b = a^2 b c \rangle$.
- (17) $G_{4,4} \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^4 = (a b)^2 = 1, a b^3 = b a^3 \rangle$.
- (18) $D_9 \cong \langle a, b; a^9 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (19) $S_3 \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^3 = b^2 = c^3 = 1, b a = a^{-1} b, a c = c a, b c = c b \rangle$.
- (20) $(Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^2 = b^3 = c^3 = 1, b c = c b, b a b = a, c a c = a \rangle$.
- (21) $D_{10} \cong \langle a, b; a^{10} = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
- (22) $Fr_{20} \cong Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^5 = 1, b a = a b^2 \rangle$.
- (23) $Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^5 = 1, b a b = a \rangle$.

- (24) $Fr_{21} \cong Z_7 \rtimes Z_3 \cong \langle a, b : a^3 = b^7 = 1, b a = a b^2 \rangle$.
 (25) $D_{11} \cong \langle a, b : a^{11} = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
 (26) $S_3 \times Z_4 \cong \langle a, b, c : a^3 = b^2 = c^4 = 1, a^b = a^{-1}, a c = c a, b c = c b \rangle$.
 (27) $S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c, d : a^3 = b^2 = c^2 = d^2 = 1, a^b = a^{-1}, a c = c a, a d = d a, b c = c b, b d = d b, c d = d c \rangle$.
 (28) $D_4 \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c : a^3 = b^4 = c^2 = 1, b^c = b^{-1}, a b = b a, a c = c a \rangle$.
 (29) $Q \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c : a^4 = c^3 = 1, a^2 = b^2, a^b = a^{-1}, b c = c b, a c = c a \rangle$.
 (30) $A_4 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c, d : a^2 = b^2 = c^3 = d^2 = 1, a b = b a, c a = a b c, a d = d a, a c = c b, b d = d b, c d = d c \rangle$.
 (31) $Q_{12} \cong \langle a, b : a^{12} = 1, a^6 = b^2, b^{-1} a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
 (32) $D_{12} \cong \langle a, b : a^{12} = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$.
 (33) $Z_6 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b : a^4 = b^6 = 1, b a b = a \rangle$.
 (34) $Z_3 \rtimes Z_8 \cong \langle a, b : a^3 = b^8 = 1, b a b^{-1} = a^{-1} \rangle$.
 (35) $Z_3 \rtimes Q \cong \langle a, b, c : a^2 = b^6 = c^2 = 1, a b = b a, a c = c a, (c b)^2 = 1 \rangle$.

Fusion classes of all non-abelian metabelian groups of order less than equal to 24 Fusion classes of groups of order 6

Fusion Classes of D_3 :

$$D_3 \cong S_3 \cong \langle a, b : a^3 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\} \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a, a^2\} \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{ab, a^2b, b\} \end{aligned}$$

So there are 3 fusion classes in D_3 .

Fusion Classes of groups of order 8

Fusion classes of D_4 :

$$D_4 \cong \langle a, b : a^4 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\} \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; (i, 2) = 1, 1 \leq i < 4\} \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2\} \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b; 1 \leq i \leq 4\}. \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, there are 4 fusion classes in D_4 .

Fusion Classes of Q_3 :

$$Q_3 \cong \langle a, b : a^4 = 1, b^2 = a^2, a b a = b \rangle$$

Thus, the fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\} \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a, b, a^3, b^3, ab, a^3b\} \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2\} \end{aligned}$$

Hence the total number of fusion classes are 3.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 10

Fusion Classes of D_5 :

$$D_5 \cong \langle a, b : a^5 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; (i, 5) = 1\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b; 1 \leq i \leq 5\}. \end{aligned}$$

So there are 3 fusion classes.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 12

Fusion Classes of $Z_3 \rtimes Z_4$:

$$Z_3 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b : a^3 = b^4 = 1, b^{-1}ab = a^2 \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; 1 \leq i < 3\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b^j; 2 \nmid j, 0 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3\}, \\ \overline{cl(b^2)} &= \{b^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(ab^2)} &= \{a^i b^2; 1 \leq i \leq 2\}. \end{aligned}$$

Hence there are 5 fusion classes.

Fusion Classes of A_4 :

$$A_4 \cong \langle a, b, c : a^2 = b^2 = c^3 = 1, ba = ab, ca = abc, cb = ac \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i b^j; 0 \leq i, j \leq 1, i + j \neq 0\}, \\ \overline{cl(c)} &= \{a^i b^j c^k; 0 \leq i, j \leq 1, k \in \{1, 2\}\}. \end{aligned}$$

Thus, total number of fusion classes are 3.

Fusion Classes of D_6 :

$$D_6 \cong \langle a, b : a^6 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{1, 5\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{2, 4\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^3)} &= \{a^3\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b; 0 \leq i \leq 5\}. \end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 14

Fusion Classes of D_7 :

$$D_7 = \langle a, b : a^7 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; 1 \leq i \leq 6\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b; 0 \leq i \leq 6\}. \end{aligned}$$

So there are 3 fusion classes.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 16

Fusion classes of D_8 :

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; (i, 2) = 1, 1 \leq i < 8\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2, a^6\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^4)} &= \{a^4\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b; 0 \leq i \leq 7\}. \end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion Classes of G :

$$G \cong \langle a, b : a^8 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^3 \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; (2, i) = 1, 1 \leq i \leq 8\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^{2i}; (2, i) = 1, 1 \leq i \leq 4\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^4)} &= \{a^4\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \left\{a^i b; \frac{2}{i}, 0 \leq i < 8\right\}, \\ \overline{cl(ab)} &= \{a^i b; (2, i) = 1, 1 \leq i \leq 8\}. \end{aligned}$$

So there are 6 fusion classes.

Fusion Classes of Q_{16} :

$$Q_{16} \cong \langle a, b : a^8 = 1, a^4 = b^2, aba = b \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; (2, i) = 1, 1 \leq i \leq 8\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2, a^6\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^4)} &= \{a^4\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b^j; 0 \leq i \leq 3, j = 1, 3\}. \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, there are 5 fusion classes.

Fusion classes of $D_4 \times Z_2$:

$$D_4 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c : a^4 = b^2 = c^2 = 1, ac = ca, bc = cb, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i c^j; i \in \{1, 3\}, j \in \{0, 1\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^k b c^l; 0 \leq k \leq 3, l \in \{0, 1\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(c)} &= \{c, a^2 c\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2\}. \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, there are 5 fusion classes.

Fusion classes of $Q_3 \times Z_2$:

$$Q_3 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c : a^4 = b^4 = c^2 = 1, b^2 = a^2, ba = a^3 b, ac = ca, bc = cb \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a, a^3, b, b^3, ab, ac, a^3 b, a^3 c, bc, abc, a^2 bc, a^3 bc\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(c)} &= \{c, a^2 c\}. \end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 4.

Fusion classes of *Modular* – 16:

$$\text{Modular} - 16 = G \cong \langle a, b : a^8 = b^2 = 1, ab = ba^5 \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i b^j; 2 \nmid i, 1 \leq i \leq 8, j \in \{0, 1\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{b, a^4 b\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2, a^6\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2 b)} &= \{a^2 b, a^6 b\}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\overline{cl(a^4)} = \{a^4\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 6.

Fusion classes of B :

$$B \cong \langle a, b: a^4 = b^4 = 1, ab = ba^3 \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i b^j; i \in \{1,3\}, j \in \{0,2\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^l b^m; 0 \leq l \leq 3, m \in \{1,3\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(b^2)} &= \{b^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2 b^2)} &= \{a^2 b^2\}. \end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 6.

Fusion classes of K :

$$K \cong \langle a, b, c: a^4 = b^2 = c^2 = 1, ab = ba, ac = ca, cb = a^2 bc \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{1,3\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{b, c, a^2 b, a^2 c, abc, a^3 bc\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(ab)} &= \{ab, ac, bc, a^3 b, a^3 c, a^2 bc\}. \end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion classes of $G_{4,4}$:

$$G_{4,4} \cong \langle a, b: a^4 = b^4 = (ab)^2 = 1, ab^3 = ba^3 \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a, a^3, b, b^3, ab^2, a^2 b, a^2 b^3, a^3 b^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2, b^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(ab)} &= \{ab, a^3 b, ab^3, a^3 b^3\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2 b^2)} &= \{a^2 b^2\}. \end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 18

Fusion classes of D_9

$$D_9 \cong \langle a, b: a^9 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; 3 \nmid i, 1 \leq i \leq 8\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^3)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{3,6\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b; 0 \leq i \leq 8\}. \end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 4.

Fusion classes of $S_3 \times Z_3$:

$$S_3 \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c: a^3 = b^2 = c^3 = 1, ba = a^{-1} b, ac = ca, bc = cb \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^j b; 0 \leq j \leq 2\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^j b; 0 \leq j \leq 2\}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{cl(c)} &= \{c^k; 1 \leq k \leq 2\}, \\ \overline{cl(ac)} &= \{a^i c^j; 1 \leq i, j \leq 2\}, \\ \overline{cl(bc)} &= \{a^i b c^j; 0 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 2\}.\end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 6.

Fusion classes of $(Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2$:

$$(Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c: a^2 = b^3 = c^3 = 1, bc = cb, bab = a, cac = a \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{ab^i c^j; 0 \leq i, j \leq 2\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{b^k c^l; 0 \leq k, l \leq 2, k + l \neq 0\}.\end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 3.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 20

Fusion classes of D_{10} :

$$D_{10} \cong \langle a, b: a^{10} = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; 2 \nmid i, 5 \nmid i, 1 \leq i < 10\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^i; 2 \mid i, 1 \leq i < 10\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^5)} &= \{a^5\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^i b; 0 \leq i \leq 9\}.\end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion classes of Fr_{20} :

$$Fr_{20} \cong Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b: a^4 = b^5 = 1, ba = ab^2 \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{ab^i; 0 \leq i \leq 4\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{b^j; 1 \leq j \leq 4\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2 b^i; 0 \leq i \leq 4\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^3)} &= \{a^3 b^i; 0 \leq i \leq 4\}.\end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion classes of $Z_5 \rtimes Z_4$:

$$Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b: a^4 = b^5 = 1, bab = a \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i b^j; i \in \{1, 3\}, 0 \leq j \leq 4\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{b^j; 1 \leq j \leq 4\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2 b)} &= \{a^2 b^i; 1 \leq i \leq 4\}.\end{aligned}$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 21

Fusion classes of Fr_{21} :

$$Fr_{21} \cong Z_7 \rtimes Z_3 \cong \langle a, b: a^3 = b^7 = 1, ba = ab^2 \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{ab^i; 0 \leq i \leq 6\},\end{aligned}$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{b^j; 1 \leq j \leq 6\},$$

$$\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2 b^i; 0 \leq i \leq 6\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 4.

Fusion Classes of groups of order 22

Fusion Classes of D_{11} :

$$D_{11} = \langle a, b: a^{11} = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion Classes are:

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; 1 \leq i \leq 10\},$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b; 0 \leq i \leq 10\}.$$

So there are 3 fusion classes.

Fusion classes of groups of order 24

Fusion classes of $S_3 \times Z_4$:

$$S_3 \times Z_4 \cong \langle x, y, z: x^3 = y^2 = z^4 = 1, x^y = x^{-1}, xz = zx, yz = zy \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i; 1 \leq i \leq 2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(y)} = \{x^j yz^k; 0 \leq j \leq 2, k \in \{0, 2\}\},$$

$$\overline{cl(z)} = \{z^u; u \in \{1, 3\}\},$$

$$\overline{cl(xz)} = \{x^i z^j; 1 \leq i \leq 2, j \in \{1, 3\}\},$$

$$\overline{cl(yz)} = \{x^i yz^k; 0 \leq i \leq 2, k \in \{1, 3\}\},$$

$$\overline{cl(z^2)} = \{z^2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(xz^2)} = \{x^i z^2; 1 \leq i \leq 2\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 8.

Fusion classes of $S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2$:

$S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2 \cong \langle x, y, z, w: x^3 = y^2 = z^2 = w^2 = 1, x^y = x^{-1}, xz = zx, xw = wx, yz = zy, yw = wy, zw = wz \rangle$

Fusion classes are:

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i; 1 \leq i \leq 2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(y)} = \{x^j yz^k w^l; 0 \leq j \leq 2, 0 \leq k, l \leq 1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(z)} = \{z^u w^v; 0 \leq u, v \leq 1, u + v \neq 0\},$$

$$\overline{cl(xz)} = \{x^i z^j w^k; 1 \leq i \leq 2, 0 \leq j, k \leq 1, j + k \neq 0\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5.

Fusion classes of $D_4 \times Z_3$:

$$D_4 \times Z_3 \cong \langle x, y, z: x^3 = y^4 = z^2 = 1, y^z = y^{-1}, xy = yx, xz = zx \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i; 1 \leq i \leq 2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(y)} = \{y^j; j \in \{1, 3\}\},$$

$$\overline{cl(z)} = \{y^k z; 0 \leq k \leq 3\},$$

$$\overline{cl(y^2)} = \{y^2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(xy)} = \{x^i y^j; 1 \leq i \leq 2, j \in \{1, 3\}\},$$

$$\overline{cl(xz)} = \{x^i y^j z; 1 \leq i \leq 2, 0 \leq j \leq 3\},$$

$$\overline{cl(xy^2)} = \{x^i y^2; 1 \leq i \leq 2\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 8.

Fusion classes of $Q \times Z_3$:

$$Q \times Z_3 \cong \langle x, y, z: x^4 = z^3 = 1, x^2 = y^2, x^y = x^{-1}, yz = zy, xz = zx \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(x)} &= \{x^i y^j; 0 \leq i \leq 3, 0 \leq j \leq 1\}, \\ \overline{cl(z)} &= \{z^i; 1 \leq i \leq 2\}, \\ \overline{cl(xz)} &= \{x^i y^j z^k; 0 \leq i \leq 3, 0 \leq j \leq 1, 1 \leq k \leq 2, (i, j) \neq (0, 0), (2, 0)\}, \\ \overline{cl(x^2)} &= \{x^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(x^2 z)} &= \{x^2 z^i; 1 \leq i \leq 1\}. \end{aligned}$$

So total number of fusion classes are 6.

Fusion classes of $A_4 \times Z_2$:

$$A_4 \times Z_2 \cong \langle x, y, z, w: x^2 = y^2 = z^3 = w^2 = 1, xy = yx, zx = xyz, xw = wx, xz = zy, yw = wy, zw = wz \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(x)} &= \{x^i y^j; 0 \leq i, j \leq 1, i + j \neq 0\}, \\ \overline{cl(z)} &= \{x^l y^m z^n; 0 \leq l, m \leq 1, 1 \leq n \leq 2\}, \\ \overline{cl(w)} &= \{w\}, \\ \overline{cl(xw)} &= \{x^i y^j w; 0 \leq i, j \leq 1, i + j \neq 0\}, \\ \overline{cl(zw)} &= \{x^l y^m z^n w; 0 \leq l, m \leq 1, 1 \leq n \leq 2\}. \end{aligned}$$

So total number of fusion classes are 6.

Fusion classes of Q_{12} :

$$Q_{12} = \langle a, b: a^{12} = 1, a^6 = b^2, b^{-1}ab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; 1 \leq i \leq 12, (i, 12) = 1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{2, 10\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^3)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{3, 9\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^4)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{4, 8\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^6)} &= \{a^6\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^j b; 0 \leq j \leq 11\}. \end{aligned}$$

So total number of fusion classes are 7.

Fusion classes of D_{12} :

$$D_{12} = \langle a, b: a^{12} = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a)} &= \{a^i; 1 \leq i \leq 12, (i, 12) = 1\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^2)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{2, 10\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^3)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{3, 9\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^4)} &= \{a^i; i \in \{4, 8\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(a^6)} &= \{a^6\}, \\ \overline{cl(b)} &= \{a^j b; 0 \leq j \leq 11\}. \end{aligned}$$

So total number of fusion classes are 7.

Fusion classes of $Z_6 \rtimes Z_4$:

$$Z_6 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle x, y: x^4 = y^6 = 1, yxy = x \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(x)} &= \{x^i y^j; \quad i \in \{1,3\}, 0 \leq j \leq 5\}, \\ \overline{cl(y)} &= \{x^k y^l; \quad k \in \{0,2\}, \quad l \in \{1,5\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(x^2)} &= \{x^2\}, \\ \overline{cl(y^2)} &= \{y^j; \quad j \in \{2,4\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(y^3)} &= \{x^i y^3; \quad i \in \{0,2\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(x^2 y^2)} &= \{x^2 y^j; \quad j \in \{2,4\}\}. \end{aligned}$$

So total number of fusion classes are 7.

Fusion classes of $Z_3 \rtimes Z_8$:

$$Z_3 \rtimes Z_8 \cong \langle x, y: x^3 = y^8 = 1, yxy^{-1} = x^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(x)} &= \{x^i; 1 \leq i \leq 2\}, \\ \overline{cl(y)} &= \{x^k y^l; 0 \leq k \leq 2, (2, l) = 1, 1 \leq l \leq 8\}, \\ \overline{cl(y^2)} &= \{y^j; \quad j \in \{2,6\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(y^4)} &= \{y^4\}, \\ \overline{cl(xy^2)} &= \{x^i y^j; 1 \leq i \leq 2, j \in \{2,6\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(xy^4)} &= \{x^i y^4; 1 \leq i \leq 2\}. \end{aligned}$$

So total number of fusion classes are 7.

Fusion classes of $Z_3 \rtimes Q$:

$$Z_3 \rtimes Q \cong \langle x, y, z: x^2 = y^6 = z^2 = 1, xy = yx, xz = zx, (zy)^2 = 1 \rangle$$

Fusion classes are:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{cl(1)} &= \{1\}, \\ \overline{cl(x)} &= \{x\}, \\ \overline{cl(y)} &= \{x^l y^m; 0 \leq l \leq 1, \quad m \in \{1,5\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(z)} &= \{x^i y^j z; 0 \leq i \leq 1, 0 \leq j \leq 5\}, \\ \overline{cl(y^2)} &= \{y^j; \quad j \in \{2,4\}\}, \\ \overline{cl(y^3)} &= \{x^i y^3; 0 \leq i \leq 1\}, \\ \overline{cl(xy^2)} &= \{xy^j; \quad j \in \{2,4\}\}. \end{aligned}$$

Thus, there are 7 fusion classes.

CONCLUSION

Sr. No.	Group	order	$ Aut(G) $	Number of fusion classes
				$k(G)$
	D_3	6	6	3
	D_4	8	8	4
	Q_3	8	24	3
	D_5	10	20	3
	$Z_3 \rtimes Z_4$	12	12	5
	A_4	12	24	3
	D_6	12	12	5
	D_7	14	42	3
	D_8	16	32	5
	G	16	16	6
	Q_{16}	16	32	5
	$D_4 \times Z_2$	16	64	5

	$Q_3 \times Z_2$	16	96	4
	<i>Modular</i> – 16	16	16	6
	B	16	32	6
	K	16	48	5
	$G_{4,4}$	16	32	5
	D_9	18	54	4
	$S_3 \times Z_3$	18	12	6
	$(Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2$	18	432	3
	D_{10}	20	40	5
	Fr_{20}	20	20	5
	$Z_5 \rtimes Z_4$	20	40	5
	Fr_{21}	21	42	4
	D_{11}	22	110	3
	$S_3 \times Z_4$	24	24	8
	$S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2$	24	144	5
	$D_4 \times Z_3$	24	48	6
	$Q \times Z_3$	24	48	6
	$A_4 \times Z_2$	24	24	6
	Q_{12}	24		
	D_{12}	24	48	7
	$Z_6 \rtimes Z_4$	24	48	7
	$Z_3 \rtimes Z_8$	24	24	7
	$Z_3 \rtimes Q$	24	48	7

Theorem *The bounds of fusion classes of metabelian groups of order less than equal to 24 and given by $3 \leq k(G) \leq 8$.*

Proof. Obvious from the observation obtained earlier.

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